

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product and Company Identification

Product identifier	Reagent #3 Metal Stain Remover
Other means of identification	Not available
Recommended use	Rust Stain Remover
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer information	Dr Fred's Innovative Solutions 321-514-6845

Supplier See above.

2. Hazards Identification

Physical hazards	Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
WHMIS 2015 defined hazards	Not classified	
Label elements		



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May be corrosive to metals.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep only in original packaging. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.
IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Specific treatment (see information on this label). IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

WHMIS 2015: Health Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HHNOC) None known

WHMIS 2015: Physical Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (PHNOC) None known

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Mixture

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Oxalic acid		144-62-7	5-10
1,2-Propanediol		57-55-6	1 - 5

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments US GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Specific treatment (see information on this label).

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wear rubber gloves and chemical splash goggles. Keep out of reach of children.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical. Water spray. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Firefighters should wear a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Hazardous combustion products May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Hydrogen fluoride.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Should not be released into the environment.

Large Spills: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water . Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling DANGER -- CORROSIVE
Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists of this product.

Conditions for safe storage, Store locked up. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Keep only in the original container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limits

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)	STEL	2 mg/m3
	TWA	1 mg/m3

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)	STEL	2 mg/m3
	TWA	1 mg/m3

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)	STEL	2 mg/m3
	TWA	1 mg/m3

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value	Form
1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)	TWA	155 mg/m3	Vapor and aerosol.
		10 mg/m3	Aerosol.
		50 ppm	Vapor and aerosol.
Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)	STEL	2 mg/m3	
	TWA	1 mg/m3	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)	STEL	2 mg/m3
	TWA	1 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)	PEL	1 mg/m3

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)	STEL	2 mg/m3
	TWA	1 mg/m3

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)	STEL	2 mg/m3
	TWA	1 mg/m3

US. AIHA Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value	Form
1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Aerosol.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Rubber gloves. Confirm with a reputable supplier first.
Other	As required by employer code. Rubber apron recommended.
Respiratory protection	Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator. Respirator should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134), CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).
Thermal hazards	Not applicable.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. When using do not eat or drink.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Clear
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Colorless
Odor	Lime.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	< 1
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Pour point	Not available.
Specific gravity	1.025
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	Reacts violently with alkaline material. This product may react with reducing agents.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid	Reacts violently with strong alkaline substances. This product may react with reducing agents.

Incompatible materials
Hazardous decomposition products

Acids. Caustics. Oxidizers. Reducing agents. Metals.
May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Hydrogen fluoride.

11. Toxicological Information

Routes of exposure Eye, Skin contact, Skin absorption, Inhalation, Ingestion.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Causes digestive tract burns.
Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.
Skin contact Causes severe skin burns.
Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Components	Species	Test Results
1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)		
Acute		
<i>DERMAL</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours 20800 mg/kg
<i>INHALATION</i>		
LC50	Not available	
<i>ORAL</i>		
LD50	Dog	19000 mg/kg
	Guinea pig	184000 mg/kg 19700 mg/kg
	Mouse	24900 mg/kg 23900 mg/kg
	Rabbit	14800 mg/kg
	Rat	22000 mg/kg 20000 mg/kg
Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)		
Acute		
<i>DERMAL</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg, European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products
<i>ORAL</i>		
LD50	Rat	375 mg/kg, Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology 9.5 ml/kg, ECHA 7.5 ml/kg, ECHA 1.1 ml/100g, ECHA
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Exposure minutes	Not available.	
Erythema value	Not available.	
Oedema value	Not available.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.	
Corneal opacity value	Not available.	
Iris lesion value	Not available.	
Conjunctival reddening value	Not available.	

Conjunctival oedema value Not available.

Recover days Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant

Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7) Irritant

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Mutagenicity Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.

Carcinogenicity Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA and ACGIH.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3) Volume 27, Supplement 7 - 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.

Teratogenicity Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not available.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Because of the low pH of this product, it would be expected to produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems.

Ecotoxicological data

Components		Species	Test Results
1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	10000 mg/L, 48 Hours
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 10000 mg/L, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	710 mg/L, 96 hours
Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	137.5 mg/L, 48 Hours
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	125 - 150 mg/L, 48 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Mobility in general Not available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal instructions Review federal, state/provincial, and local government requirements prior to disposal. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport Information

Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Proof of Classification In accordance with Part 2.2.1 (SOR/2014-152) of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, we certify that the classification of this product is correct as of the SDS date of issue.

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)**Basic shipping requirements:**

UN number	UN1760
Proper shipping name	Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.
Technical name	Oxalic acid
Hazard class	8
Packing group	III
Special provisions	IB3, T7, TP1, TP28
Packaging exceptions	<1.3 Gallons - Limited Quantity
Packaging non bulk	203
Packaging bulk	241

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)**Basic shipping requirements:**

UN number	UN1760
Proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Technical name	OXALIC ACID
Hazard class	8
Packing group	III
Special provisions	16
Packaging exceptions	<5L - Limited Quantity

DOT**TDG**

15. Regulatory Information

Canadian federal regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Canada CEPA Schedule I: Listed substance

Hydrofluorosilicic acid (CAS 16961-83-4)	Listed.
Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)	Listed.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

WHMIS 2015 Exemptions Not applicable

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3) Listed.

US EPCRA Section 304 Extremely Haz. Subs. & CERCLA Haz. Subs.: Section 304 EHS reportable quantity

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3) 100 LBS

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
Not regulated.

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)

Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 112(r) (40 CFR 68.130) Hazardous substance

US state regulations**US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance**

Hydrofluorosilicic acid (CAS 16961-83-4) Listed.

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3) Listed.

Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7) Listed.

US - Illinois Chemical Safety Act: Listed substance

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)

US - Louisiana Spill Reporting: Listed substance

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3) Listed.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Listed substance

1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6) Listed.

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3) Listed.

Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7) Listed.

US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance

1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)

Hydrofluorosilicic acid (CAS 16961-83-4)

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)

Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)

US - New York Release Reporting: Acutely Hazardous Substances: Listed substance

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3) Listed.

US - North Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants: Listed substance

Hydrofluorosilicic acid (CAS 16961-83-4)

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)

US - Texas Effects Screening Levels: Listed substance

1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6) Listed.

Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated (CAS 68439-46-3) Listed.

Hydrofluorosilicic acid (CAS 16961-83-4) Listed.

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3) Listed.

Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7) Listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Hydrofluorosilicic acid (CAS 16961-83-4)

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)

Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

- 1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)
- Hydrofluorosilicic acid (CAS 16961-83-4)
- Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)
- Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

- 1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)
- Hydrofluorosilicic acid (CAS 16961-83-4)
- Hydrogen fluoride (CAS 7664-39-3)
- Oxalic acid (CAS 144-62-7)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

Inventory status

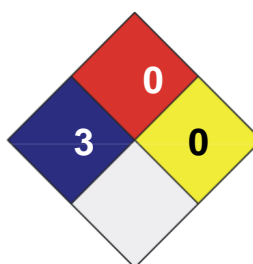
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other Information

LEGEND	
Severe	4
Serious	3
Moderate	2
Slight	1
Minimal	0

HEALTH	/ 3
FLAMMABILITY	0
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	X



Disclaimer

The data contained in this material safety data sheet was obtained from sources that were technically accurate, reliable, and state of the art when this document was prepared. If data was unavailable to complete certain sections, the absence of that data is identified in this document. Because the supplier cannot know the exact circumstances during actual use of this product, other hazards, exposure scenarios, disposal considerations, and regulations may apply and it is the responsibility of the user to read and understand the product label and this document before use. Do not use the product for purposes other than those stated in Section 1.

Issue date 28-August-2020
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Issue date Version

Effective date

29-August-2020

Prepared by Other information

Dr Freds Innovative Solutions
For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the document.